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Development of a Decision Making Process for the HSM Implementation

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Research Team

Researchers

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Challenges to Implementing HSM

- Data quality and availability
- Determining the appropriate performance metrics
- Resources to conduct additional analysis
- Difficulty in interpreting results
- HSM's complexity
- Development of calibration factors for the HSM SPFs

(Source: Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development)





Roadway Safety Management Process in the HSM





Project Objective

- To develop a web-based decision making tool to assist agencies tailor the HSM to their needs by helping them select the most suitable methods among those discussed in the HSM.
- Recommend the most appropriate method that best meets the agency's needs, data, available statistical expertise, available software tools, etc.





Research Tasks

- **1.** Identify Factors
- 2. Develop Decision Making Process
- Develop and Test Web-based Decision Making Tool
- 4. Conduct Technology Transfer Activities
- 5. Prepare, Submit, and Revise Final Report





Task One: Identify Factors

- Avg. Crash Freq.
- **Crash Rate**
- EPDO Avg. Crash Freq.

- Relative Severity Index
 Critical Rate
 Excess Predicted Avg. C Moments
 Level of Service of Safet Excess Predicted Avg. Crash Freq. using Method of
 - Level of Service of Safety
 - Excess Predicted Avg. Crash Freq. Using SPFs
- Vetwork Prob. of Specific Crash Types Exceeding Threshold Proportion
 - **Excess Proportion of Specific Crash Types**
 - Expected Avg. Crash Freq. with EB Adjustments
 - EPDO Avg. Crash Freq. with EB Adjustment
 - Excess Expected Avg. Crash Freq. with EB Adjustment

Agency Goals

- Data Availability
- Reqd. Statistical Expertise
- Reliability of Results
- Method's Robustness
- Facility Type
- Available Resources

- Net Present Value
 - Benefit-Cost Ratio
 - Project Costs
- Monetary value of project benefits
- No. of total crashes reduced
- No. of fatal and incapacitating injury crashes reduced
- No. of fatal and injury crashes reduced
- **Cost-effectiveness index**

Observational before/after studies •

• Using SPFs – the EB method

Effectiveness

Safety

- Using the comparison-group method
- To evaluate shifts in collision crash type proportions
- Evaluation Observational cross-sectional studies
 - Experimental before/after studies



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Review of the States' 2014 HSIP Reports

- Available software applications
- New practices used to implement the HSIP
- Data (Crash, Exposure, Roadway Characteristics)
- Methods used
- Are local roads included? If yes, are the methods similar to the ones used to analyze state roads?
- Process to prioritize projects
- Process to identify potential countermeasures
- Recently adopted methodology practices





Data Available to the States

- Crash Data (Location, Type, and Severity)
 - All crashes
 - Severe crashes (i.e., fatal or fatal & severe injury crashes)
 - Specific crashes such as pedestrian crashes, bicycle crashes, crashes involving commercial motor vehicles
- Exposure Data
 - Traffic volume
 - Population for pedestrian and bicycle safety
 - For intersections, sometimes only mainline traffic





State-of-the-Practice Network Screening Methods

- Traditional Methods
 - Crash Frequency
 - Crash Rate
 - Critical Crash Rate
 - Relative Severity Index
 - EPDO
 - Probability of Specific Crash Types
 - Systemic Approach

- Advanced Methods
 - Level of Service of Safety (LOSS)
 - Expected Crash
 Frequency With EB
 Adjustment
 - Excess Expected Crash Frequency With EB Adjustment





Safety Improvement on Local Roads

- Methods depend on the facility type and the program of interest (i.e., focus area)
- Inclusion of local roads depend on data availability and agency policy
- If the method to analyze local roads is different from state roads, local roads are mostly ranked based on crash frequency because of lack of exposure data





States' Project Prioritization Processes

- Ranking Based on B/C or Net Benefit
- Available Funding
- Cost Effectiveness
- Relative Weight in Scoring
- Others, such as:
 - Systemic Safety Initiative
 - Project Readiness





States' Processes to Identify Potential Countermeasures

- Engineering Study
- Road Safety Assessment
- Others, such as:
 - Crash Data Evaluation
 - Field Review of Location
 - Enforcement and Other Stakeholders Input





Recently Implemented Methodology Practices

- HSM mostly on a case-by-case basis
- Road Safety Audits
- Systemic Approach





Upcoming Steps

- Finalize the factors
 - Data Availability
 - Required Statistical Expertise
 - Methods' Robustness
- Develop the decision making process
- Implement the decision making process in a web-based application





Research Impact

- Determining the appropriate performance metrics is a challenge in implementing the HSM
- It is the first known study to assist agencies in selecting the most appropriate methods
- It provides the much needed guidance in selecting the most appropriate methods through an easy-to-use web-based decision making tool





Technology Transfer & Research Implementation

- Distribute the tool to the HSM champions in local agencies
- Present the decision making process and the web-based tool at regional and national conferences
- Advertise the tool on the NCTSPM and the LCTR websites





Education Efforts

- The tool will be introduced to the graduate and undergraduate students at FIU
- The research involves one graduate student
- The student aims to present the research results at:
 - FIU graduate seminar event
 - 2016 TRB Annual Meeting
 - Florida-section and International ITE meetings





Thank You!

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